#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

## Second Semester

#### **Bioinformatics**

# PHYLOGENY AND PHYLOGENOMICS

#### (CBCS – 2019 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. Difference between allopatricity and sympatricity.
- 2. What are homologous genes? Write the types of homology.
- 3. Difference between heterlogs and xenologs.
- 4. What is gap penalty? What is its significance in sequence alignment?
- 5. Explain how regular expressions are used for motif searching.
- 6. How is Gene Scan used?
- 7. Define a phylogenetic tree with respect to evolution.
- 8. Write the steps in constructing a phylogenetic tree.

- 9. Define a dendogram.
- 10. Write two different softwares available for phylogenetic analysis.

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Briefly describe molecular clock hypothesis with a suitable example.

 $\mathbf{Or}$ 

- (b) Describe the concepts of neutral evolution.
- 12. (a) Explain the algorithm of BLAST.

Or

- (b) What is local and global alignment? Explain the conditions in which they can be used.
- 13. (a) Write the different methods of gene discovery.

Or

- (b) What is Hidden Markov Model (HMM) and what are its applications to analyse protein sequences?
- 14. (a) Explain character-based methods for phylogenetic tree reconstruction.

Or

- (b) What is a consensus tree? Explain its types.
- 15. (a) Define PHYLIP and its applications.

Or

(b) Write short notes on evolutionary trace analysis.

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Answer any **three** questions.

- 16. Explain molecular evolution and the various methods by which organisms have evolved over the course of time.
- 17. Explain the algorithm for dynamic programming with suitable examples.
- 18. Write and explain about the different sequence pattern representations used for pattern discovery and classification in protein and DNA sequences.
- 19. Explain the algorithm:
  - (a) Bootstrapping Method
  - (b) SAM method.
- 20. Write the algorithm and their application in phylogenetic analysis.
  - (a) MUSCLE
  - (b) MAFFT
  - (c) Pileup.

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## M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

# Second Semester

#### **Bioinformatics**

# MOLECULAR MODELING AND DRUG DESIGN

#### (CBCS – 2019 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. What is a lead molecule?
- 2. When patients are used for Phase I testing?
- 3. What is potential energy surface?
- 4. Illustrate with an example electrostatic interaction between a drug and a target.
- 5. What is loop refinement?
- 6. List four tools for structure prediction.
- 7. What is HTVS?
- 8. What is a dependent and independent variable in QSAR study?

- 9. What is an antagonist?
- 10. What is meant by ADMET property of a drug?

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What are the methods available for drug targets identification? Explain.

Or

- (b) Why a lead need to he optimized and how it is done?
- 12. (a) Discuss the differences between molecular and quantum mechanics. How they are useful?

Or

- (b) What is force field equation? Explain the energy terms in it.
- 13. (a) How to predict the secondary structure elements of a protein? Explain.

Or

- (b) Explain the concept behind Ramachandran plot and how it is useful.
- 14. (a) How will you carry out pharmacophore based screening of a database. Explain its advantage.

Or

(b) Discuss various descriptors used in QSAR study.

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15. (a) Discuss Phase I and Phase II drug transformations.

Or

(b) What is Lipinski rule? How can we calculate it for a molecule?

**Part C**  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Answer any three questions.

- 16. In a step-by-step manner explain new drug discovery process.
- 17. Discuss molecular mechanics concept in detail and how it is useful.
- 18. What are the methods available for predicting 3D structure of a protein? Explain.
- 19. How is a docking experiments performed for lead identification and optimization? Explain in detail.
- 20. Discuss the molecular basis of how drugs work.

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Sub. Code
502203

#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

# Second Semester

## **Bioinformatics**

# **COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY**

#### (CBCS – 2019 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

# Part A

- 1. Write a few examples of genetically engineered products of biosimilars.
- 2. What are the different types of vectors used?
- 3. What is maximizing vs minimizing score?
- 4. What is pairwise sequence alignment? What is it used for?
- 5. Name any two tools that use the dynamic programming algorithm for sequence alignment.
- 6. What is E-value? How does it affect the alignment results?
- 7. Differentiate between pairwise and multiple sequence alignment.
- 8. What is border block graph?
- 9. Define polyelectron atoms and molecules. Write a few examples.
- 10. What is Huckel theory?

## **Part B** (5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What are the different challenges for conversion and formulation of biosimilars?

 $\mathbf{Or}$ 

- (b) What are the various molecular complexities of biosimilars?
- 12. (a) Define and differentiate between overlap and banded alignment.

Or

- (b) Explain similarity and distance measures.
- 13. (a) Explain the Progressive method for sequence alignment.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on sequence pattern representation.
- 14. (a) Write about interval graphs. Explain with a suitable example.

Or

(b) What do you mean by overlap equivalence and overlap size equivalence?

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

15. (a) Explain the various Logic Gates in biology using suitable examples.

Or

(b) Explain about the operon system.

**Part C** (3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any three questions.

- 16. Explain in detail the clinical and non-clinical aspects of biosmilars.
- 17. Write the nature and scopes of computational biology.
- 18. Write on the following:
  - (a) Markov Chain Model
  - (b) Hidden Markov Model
  - (c) Kernal Methods.
- 19. Explain in detail the Casette transformation of restriction map with example.
- 20. Explain in detail the use of ab-initio and semi-emperical methods in computational quantum mechanics.

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502204

#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2021

## Second Semester

## **Bioinformatics**

## PROGRAMMING IN SCRIPTING LANGUAGES (PYTHON, PERL & R)

#### (CBCS – 2019 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. History Perl and its Features.
- 2. Define Array and its Syntax in Perl.
- 3. What are a Function Parameters and Arguments in Python?
- 4. Define Subroutines in Python.
- 5. What is a use of Regular Expression in Python?
- 6. Rule of Variable and Identifier in Python.
- 7. Write the Syntax for String in Python.
- 8. Define Nuts and Bolts.
- 9. What are basic objects and classes of R?
- 10. List out Python Comments with an Example.

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain interpolative context in perl.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on Hashs in perl.
- 12. (a) Distinguish between break and Continue statement in Python.

Or

- (b) Describe Python Operator and operator precedence with an Example.
- 13. (a) Shortly explain Fruitful Function and immutable in Python.Or
  - (b) Explain interpreter and interactive mode in python language.
- 14. (a) Explain Types of arguments in Python.

Or

- (b) Write any five python built-in Function.
- 15. (a) Give a note on loops in R programming with Examples.

Or

(b) Explain about Variables, constants and data types in R programming.

**Part C**  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Answer any **three** questions.

- 16. Describe Perl Operator and operator precedence with an Example.
- 17. Explain in detail about conditional statement and write the Syntax in python.

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

- 18. Describe the following Exception Handling Function in Python.
  - (a) ZeroDivisionError
  - (b) NamError
  - (c) IndentationError
  - (d) IOError
  - (e) EOFError
- 19. Explain Python Package and Modules with its Syntax.
- 20. Explain the following R Programming.
  - (a) Classification
  - (b) Clustering
  - (c) Data Visualization
  - (d) Regression.

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R5459

#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2021.

#### **Fourth Semester**

#### **Bioinformatics**

## MACHINE LEARNING & ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (CBCS-2019 ONWARDS)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. Define BFS and DFS.
- 2. State the significance of control strategies in AI.
- 3. What is predicate logic?
- 4. What is the use of predicate calculus?
- 5. What is called as inductive bias?
- 6. Define concept learning
- 7. What is the feature of KNN?
- 8. What is meant by kernel space?
- 9. Define induction and deduction.
- 10. What is meant by reinforcement learning?

Answer **all** questions choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) How to measure the performance and analysis of search algorithms.

Or

- (b) Explain the following terminologies.
  - (i) Matching
  - (ii) Indexing
- 12. (a) Explain the usage of predicate calculus

Or

- (b) Illustrate the various knowledge representation methods for game playing.
- 13. (a) Explain the concept of version spaces and candidate elimination.

Or

- (b) Explain in detail about heuristic space search.
- 14. (a) Explain the various distance based clustering methods.

Or

- (b) Explain in detail about K-Nearest Neighbour algorithm
- 15. (a) Explain the procedure of FOCL algorithm.

Or

(b) Describe temporal difference learning.

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

**Part C** (3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.

- 16. Explain briefly about various search and control strategies.
- 17. Enumerate the role of predicate calculus for knowledge representation.
- 18. Explain about decision tree learning with diagram.
- 19. Describe in detail about feature selection and classification methods.
- 20. Compare reinforcement learning, Q-Learning, Temporal difference learning.

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#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2021

# Fourth Semester

#### **Bioinformatics**

## SYSTEMS BIOLOGY

#### (CBCS – 2019 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**  $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. Write any two key bottlenecks of proteomics.
- 2. What are amyloid proteins?
- 3. What is the role of melting curve in validating real-time qRT-PCR?
- 4. Differentiate receptor and ligand.
- 5. What do you mean by neural network models?
- 6. Define V-CELL.
- 7. How STRING imports data in protein-protein interactions?
- 8. Define fluxomics.
- 9. List any two consortium members of InterPro database.
- 10. Define gene regulatory network.

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write the principle and methodology of 2D gel electrophoresis.

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of protein biomarker in diagnosis of infectious disease.
- 12. (a) Differentiate key elements between *de novo* and Edman degradation sequencing methods.

Or

- (b) Write a note on the structures of regulatory networks.
- 13. (a) What are the biological applications of glycan microarray?

Or

- (b) Give a note on the applications of human erythrocyte model.
- 14. (a) What is transcriptomics? What are its applications?

Or

- (b) Define glycomics and describe its challenges.
- 15. (a) How MALDI-TOF is used in post-translational modification studies?

Or

(b) What is KEGG? Write about its categories.

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

**Part C**  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ 

Answer any **three** questions.

- 16. Elaborate with neat diagram
  - (a) Protein sequencing
  - (b) QTrap MS/MS.
- 17. Write an account on computational methods for proteinprotein interaction and their application.
- 18. Explain in detail about the applications of MetaCyc.
- 19. Write a large note on the principle, mechanism and application of real-time qRT-PCR.
- 20. Give an account on how computer simulation models are shaping the future of science.

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